

Composition:

Each Oxil Capsule contains:

Guaifenesin: 33.3 mg.

Oxomemazine (as hydrochloride): 1.65 mg.

Sodium benzoate: 33.3 mg.

Mechanism of Action:

Guaifenesin is an expectorant works by increasing the volume and reducing the viscosity of secretions in the trachea and bronchi.

Oxomemazine an antihistamine from the family of phenothiazines. It has antitussive and sedative properties.

Sodium benzoate dissolves phlegm and increases the fluidity of bronchial secretions.

Pharmacokinetics:

Guaifenesin is absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and is excreted in the urine after metabolism. Sodium benzoate is absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and is combined with glycine in the liver, forming hyperuric acid, which is rapidly excreted urine route.

Indications:

It is used in the symptomatic treatment of dry coughs, especially those that occur at night.

It is used to treat cold and flu symptoms.

Contraindications:

- Hypersensitivity to one of its components.
- History of agranulocytosis.
- Risk of urinary retention linked to hyperperistaltic.
- Risk of angle-closing glaucoma.

Warnings & Precautions:

Oxil should be used with caution in the following cases:

- It is necessary to refer to the doctor if the cough continues for more than a few days.
- Cardiovascular disease and hypertension.
- Hyperthyroidism.
- Epilepsy, hepatic insufficiency and renal insufficiency.

Pregnancy & Lactation:

Pregnancy: The effect of this medication during pregnancy is not well known, This product should not be used during pregnancy without medical advice.

Lactation: The data currently available do not indicate whether this drug passes into breast milk: As a precaution, it is not recommended during breast-feeding.

Driving & Using Machines:

Driving and using hazardous machines are not recommended, especially within hours of taking the medication.

Drug Interactions:

Avoid concurrent use of Oxil with the following medicines:

Alcohol: Avoid use with alcohol, due to the increased risk of hepatotoxicity and hypnotic effect.

Tricyclic antidepressants, antiparkinsonian anticholinergics, atrophic antispasmodics, disopyramide, neuroleptic phenothiazines: Additional atropine-like side effects such as urinary retention, constipation, dry mouth.

Antidepressants with sedative effects, barbiturates and benzodiazepines: Increased depression.

Side Effects:

Sedation or drowsiness, more noticeable at the beginning of the treatment. Anti-cholinergic effects such as drying out of mucous, constipation, difficulties with accommodation, mydriasis, cardiac palpitations, risk of urinary retention. Very rare cases of serious skin reactions have been reported.

Dosage & Administration:

The usual adult dose is one capsule three times daily.

Overdose:

Signs: convulsions, disorientation, coma.

Treatment: occasional, depending on the situation.

Storage:

Keep out of reach of children. Store below 25 °C.

Packaging:

Each Oxil carton pack contains 20 Capsules in two blister Strips.

